# Additional Agenda for 160th OCC Meeting

# AA.1. Reliability of Telemetry (Agenda by NRLDC)

Based on CERC/CEA regulations and decisions of TCC/NRPC, the telemetry integration is being ensured before charging of new system element at ISTS (super grid) level. However, the reliability of data from newly integrated sub-stations is still very poor. Though the telemetry integration is ensured before charging the new element, the reliability of telemetry is not at all ensured. Reliability of telemetry for some of the stations is poor since its integration.

	Northern Region summary sheet and details of current status of												
	implementation of telemetry system												
										Updat	ed Till:	30.04	.2019
SI.	User Name	Total I	Nos of	Tel	emetry r	not Provi	ded	Te	Telemetry Intemittent			Total availat	non- oility of
NO.		Stat	IONS	Total	nos of	Non-av	ailability	Total	nos of	Non-av	ailability	data	in %
		GS	SS	GS	SS	GS	SS	GS	SS	GS	SS	GS	SS
1	Punjab	17	173	-	86	-	50%	4	21	24%	12%	24%	62%
2	Haryana	5	70	-	13	-	19%	-	-	-	-	-	19%
3	Rajasthan	20	223	-	-	-	-	1	4	5%	2%	5%	2%
4	Delhi	6	43	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	12%	-	12%
5	UP	22	180	-	-	-	-	3	50	14%	28%	14%	28%
6	Uttarakhand	10	29	-	-	-	-	6	27	60%	93%	60%	93%
7	HP	15	25	-	-	-	-	3	-	20%	-	20%	-
8	JK	4	17	3	12	75%	71%	1	5	25%	29%	100%	100%
9	POWERGRID	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	6%	-	6%
10	NTPC	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	NHPC	14	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	29%	-	29%	-
12	NPCIL	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	NJPC	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	50%	-	50%	-
14	THDC	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	50%	-	50%	-
15	BBMB	6	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	IPP/JV/Patran	6	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	33%	50%	33%	50%
	TOTAL	148	858	3	111	2%	13%	26	118	18%	14%	20%	27%
	Total (over all)	10	06	1:	14	1:	1%	14	44	14	4%	26	5%

Note: The above % is based on number of RTU/gateway reporting and not based on number of measurands. It would much lower percentage based on number of measurands.

Also even though the telemetry is available, correct Digital telemetry is not available. Proper status of CBs and Isolators is required for SE to form network model resembling to actual Power System Model via Topology Processor.

Suspected/Inverted status of switches lead to formation of wrong topology and difficulty in smooth grid monitoring/operation.

The above issue of non-availability of telemetry data was deliberated in the 42<sup>nd</sup> TCC and 45<sup>th</sup> NRPC meeting, wherein it was decided that **No shutdown/ charging code** shall be issued by NRLDC for ISTS lines in case of non-availability of data telemetry of that particular element.

# Members may take a note.

# AA.2. Load Crash in Northern Region on 12<sup>th</sup> June 2019 (Agenda by NRLDC)

Sudden thunder storm/rainfall during summer/monsoon in NR is probable phenomenon and subsequent load crash in range of 7-15 GW in region as a whole. Such fast reduction of large load causes frequency/voltage excursions, line loading etc. There have been number of instances of tower collapse & damage also in the past during such thunder storms which resulted in constraints in supply power for extended duration of time. Apart from EHV line outage on tower collapse, line faults, nearly 30-40 lines used to be opened manually to control high voltage.

Recently on 12th June 2019, load crash of **11.6GW** occurred in Northern Grid on account of dust storm/ thunderstorm within **2hrs 30minutes** time span.

Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Uttrakhand, Chandigarh & Delhi were the major affected state control area during load crash. Demand crash in Punjab started first at 16:00hrs itself followed by Rajasthan & Haryana at 16:10hrs and 17:30hrs respectively. Delhi demand started decreasing at 18:30hrs. Uttar Pradesh demand was already 2000MW lesser than previous day on account of pleasant weather in central area of Uttar Pradesh, its demand started decreasing at 18:50hrs. Uttrakhand demand started decreasing at 19:00hrs, Chandigarh started decreasing after 19:30hrs of 12<sup>th</sup> Jun 2019. Maximum demand crash of Northern Region was **12405MW** at 19:26hrs of 12<sup>th</sup> Jun 2019 as compared to previous day. Maximum load crash of affected state control area is tabulated below:

State Control Area	Demand Met (MW) at 19:26hrs of 11th June'19	Demand Met (MW) at 19:26hrs of 12th June'19	Demand Reduction (in MW)	Minimum Demand Met (in MW)	Load Crash Amount (in MW) and duration
Punjab	8102	4981	3121	4904 (18:53hrs)	4400MW in 03:00hrs (Started in 15:53hrs of 12th June)
Haryana	8087	4149	3938	3801 (19:59hrs)	4450MW in 02:30hrs (Started in 17:29hrs of 12th June)
Rajasthan	9656	8738	918	8414 (18:09hrs)	2750MW in 02:00hrs (Started in 16:10hrs of 12th June)
Uttar Pradesh	20619	17021	3598	17021 (19:26hrs)	1300MW in 00:35hrs (Started in 18:50hrs of 12th June)

Delhi	5423	4671	752	4667 (19:13hrs)	1000 MW in 00:42hrs (Started in 18:31hrs of 12th June)
Chandigarh	317	310	7	106 (20:08hrs)	200 MW in 00:30hrs (Started in 19:36hrs of 12th June)
J&K	2149	2257	-108		
Uttarakhand	1812	1735	77	1492 (22:02hrs)	400 MW in 01:00hrs (started at 19:02hrs of 17th May)
Himachal Pradesh	1120	1022	98	837 (21:00hrs)	
Northern Region	57241	44836	12405	44836 (19:26hrs)	11600MW in 02:30hrs (started at 16:50hrs of 12th June)

Total 22 number of 400 and above voltage level lines/elements tripped on phase to earth fault during thunderstorm. List of the tripped elements is attached as **Annexure-AA.2** 

Utilities are requested to kindly submit the detailed report and prepare the presentation on experience of load crash considering the following points:

- Load Crash (in MW) in the State
- Analysis of Thermal Generation backing down in the state (till technical minimum or not, if not than reason of the same needs to be discussed)
- Analysis of fast ramping down of state generation during reduction in demand met.
- Reason of large deviation from the schedule
- Line tripping & tower collapse (132 kV and above)
- Line manually opened on high voltage in state Grid
- Future remedial measures (Improvement in action taken for future)
- Weather monitoring and warning/alerts issued or not?

# Utilities may kindly present and member may like to discuss.

# AA.3. Stabilization period for Flue Gas Desulphurization (FGD) units (Agenda by Jhajjar Power Limited)

Jhajjar Power Limited (JPL) vide letter Ref No. JPL/NRPC/FD/09836 dated 12.06.2019 (Annexure-AA.3), has highlighted certain operational issues which are being encountered by them in achieving the continuous operation of its installed FGD and meeting the Environmental norms of < 200 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup> on real time continuous basis. Various issues being encountered are highlighted below:

1. Inconsistent lime-stone quality: Variation in quality of lime-stone used in FGD leads to frequent deviation in FGD operational parameters

2. In initial stabilization stage, frequent cleaning of Absorber tower, its nozzle and demister system is required. This requires shut down of FGD and thus the plant need to be stopped.

3. Wide variation of Sulphur % in coal materialized from various CIL subsidiaries, this leads to sudden exceedance in SOx and plant load has to be reduced to comply with norms.

4. The acid content of the produced by-product is very corrosive in nature leading to frequent damages to analysers. This leads to either abnormally high/low value of SOx being reported and a non-compliance from real time operation. In these cases, either units have to be shut down or load has to be reduced to meet the norms.

5. More frequent shutdown of FGD equipment like RC pumps, De-mister in initial stabilization phase and may led to unwanted exceedance.

6. FGD operating regime during start-up/shutdown: Currently, there are no standard guidelines for thermal power plants to meet the norms while operating FGD during (Unit) start-up/shutdown

7. No operational expertise in market for FGD operation and maintenance manpower. It leads to more time is rectification of O&M issues in initial period and led to unwanted exceedance and not meeting the norms.

Based on the above mentioned issues, JPL has requested for NRPC/ CEA intervention in the following areas:

1. At least 3 years of stabilization period to be allowed after date of commissioning. In the first year the power plant may be required to ensure FGD availability at 70% of the plant availability, in the second year 80% of the plant availability and in the third year availability should be 90% of the plant availability

After 3rd year Plants should be considered fully complying with the norms provided it operated FGD more than 95% of Plant availability

2. **No clarity on EC norms adherence**: There is a need to clarifying the terms on which Sox emission norms must be met. While, controlling Sox emission less than 200mg/NM3 could be guiding parameter, this cannot be met on continuous basis.

JPL propose that, annual ceiling emission target at the normative Plant load factor of 80%, with FGD availability of 70/80/90/95 % burning Indian coal having an average Sulphur (say 0.5%) may be fixed for each power plant. If cumulative annual quantity of SOx is within the ceiling limit, the power station should be considered as fully compliant with the emission norms. As per CLP experience in other countries,

compliance in meeting the norms on annual basis like in Hong Kong and European countries.

3. CEA to propose to MOEF&CC the standard operating guideline for thermal power plant's which also includes the FGD operating regime during start up and shutdown conditions. Minimum [24h] stabilization time should be given post reaching to full/stable load for meeting the SO2 norms.

# Members may deliberate

# AA.4. Facilitating NOx Combustion Modification tuning in Unit-5, Stage-II of Dadri Thermal plant (Agenda by NTPC)

In reference to the combustion modification done (towards NOx reduction) in Unit-5, Dadri Thermal plant and it's connected tuning of SOFA (Separated Over Fire Air) dampers, the modification has been in line with the phasing plan for the implementation of new Environment Norms for thermal power plants.

MOEFCC Gazette notification dated 7/12/2015 (Annexure-AA.4(I)) mandates new environment standards on emission limits. Further, CPCB directive letter dated 11/12/2017 to NTPC, Dadri (Annexure-aa.4(II)) specified deadline for implementation and compliance as 2019.

The Norms mandates limits of emission levels in Particulate matter, SOx, NOx and Mercury levels. Based on the MOP recommendation, the NTPC, Dadri was to take measures on installation of low NOx burners, providing overfire air(OFA) and achieve progressive reduction so as to comply NOx emission levels as per the notification, by 2019. Accordingly, Combustion Modification was done in Unit-5 NCPS Dadri Thermal plant, during its recent overhaul. it's connected tuning of SOFA (Separated Over Fire Air) dampers is yet to be done. The modification was carried out by M/s General Electric(GE), in which the major changes in boiler and its controls are as follows:

- 1. Modification in Boiler wind box
- 2. Modification in Free Flow areas of wind box
- 3. Introduction SOFA dampers
- 4. SADC damper modification
- 5. Modified Combustion equipment

The efficacy and functioning of the boiler depends on tuning of the newly envisaged control equipment. The tuning process involves series of test iteration based on data collection and reduction through computer processing. The designers suggested to have a minimum of 40-50 test cycles. After the detailed discussions with the supplier, the optimum tuning time requirement is decided to be 10Hrs continuously in a day for 10 days, which facilitates a minimum of 20 test with different combinations of combustion with mills. The load during the testing time should be at full capacity.

1. Requiring minimum schedule of 750MW in stage-II, Dadri - for 10 hrs continuously in a day for 10 days (Presently Technical minimum schedule is 510MW which excludes AGC of 50MW).

- 2. During the testing time (10 Hrs continuously in a day), AGC for unit-5 shall be made off.
- 3. During the testing time (10 Hrs continuously in a day), SCED for stage-II should be excluded

# Alternatively:

- 1. Unit- 6 may be given under reserve shutdown keeping Unit-5 schedule full (465 MW) for 10Hrs continuously in a day for 10 days.
- 2. SCED for stage-II should be excluded.
- 3. AGC shall be made off in Unit-5 during the testing.

# Members may deliberate.

AA.5. Mismatch in real time data at SLDC and data used for deviation charges account A meeting was held on 28.05.2018 at CERC for determination of deviation charges. Minutes of meeting is enclosed at Annexure-AA.5.

In the meeting it was decided that the representatives of Haryana & Punjab shall share the latest data with NRPC and also the details of stations/ locations where problems are faced. NRPC was also requested to take up issue at NRPC level and if it still remains unresolved, NRPC may write to CERC, updating the status & action expected from CERC.

In compliance to the above, Haryana and Punjab SLDC are requested to share the latest data so that CERC could be intimated in this regard.

•			Voltago		Outage		Revival			Category As per
No	Element Name	<u>Type</u>	Level	<u>Owner</u>	Date	<u>Time</u>	Date	<u>Time</u>	<u>Reason / Remarks</u>	CEA Grid Standard
1	Balia-Patna 1	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	15:11	06-12-2019	17:14	Phase to earth faultB-N fault.Fault distance 145.3 km from Balia. Fault current 3.46 kA	
2	Balia-Patna 4	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	15:11	*	*	Phase to earth faultR-N fault.Fault distance 103.2 km from Balia. Fault current 5.246 kA	GI-2
3	Balia 400 kV Bus 1	BUS	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	15:11	06-12-2019	15:57	LBB/ Bus Bar Protection operated due to stucked main CB of 400 kV Balia-Patna ckt-4	
4	Balia-Biharsharif 1	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	15:24	06-12-2019	18:57	Phase to earth faultY-N fault.Fault distance 143 km from Balia. Fault current 3.5 kA	
5	Balia-Biharsharif 2	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	15:57	*	*	Phase to earth faultR-N fault.Fault distance 181.03 km from Balia. Fault current 2.96 kA	
6	Varanasi-Biharsharif 2	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	16:42	06-12-2019	18:18	Tripped on B-N fault, Fault distance is 181.32kM from Varanasi end, Fault current is 2.96kA	
7	Agra-Sikar ckt-1	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	17:01	*	*	Tripped on Y-N fault, Fault distance is 274kM from Agra end, Fault current is 1.7kA	GI-2
8	Agra-Sikar ckt-2	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	17:01	*	*	Tripped on Y-N fault, Fault distance is 248kM from Agra end, Fault current is 1.86kA	
9	Alwar II-Hindaun II -1	Line	400 kV	RRVPN L	06-12-2019	17:05	06-12-2019	17:53	Tripped on R-N fault, Fault distance is 73.27kM from Alwar end, Fault current is 3.11kA	
10	Bhiwadi-Hisar	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	18:03	06-12-2019	22:20	Phase to earth faultDue to OPGW of between loc no. 89 of 400 kv bhiwadi - kotputli line has been broken in heavy wind storm. Tripped on B-N fault, Fault distance is 199.8kM from Hisar end, Fault current is 2.4kA	
11	Meerut - Moga	Line	765 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	18:12	06-12-2019	19:12	Phase to earth faultY-N, FD=15.6km from meerut end,FC=3.3KA	
12	Gurgaon-Manesar 1	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	18:23	06-12-2019	22:38	R-N fault, FD=2.4km,FC=24.3KA	
13	Patiala-Patran	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	18:23	06-12-2019	19:39	Y-N fault	
14	Ballabhgarh-Tuglaqabad ckt-2	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	18:24	*	*	Tripped on B-N fault, Fault distance is 22.6kM from Tughlakabad end, Fault current is 8.3kA	
15	Ludhiana-Koldam ckt-1	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	18:38	*	*	Tripped on Y-B fault, Fault distance is 29.8kM from Ludhiana end, Fault current is 13kA	
16	Ludhiana-Koldam ckt-2	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	19:14	*	*	Tripped on R-N fault, Fault distance is 151kM from Ludhiana end, Fault current is 3kA	
17	Tanda-Sultanpur	Line	400 kV	UPPTCL	06-12-2019	19:14	06-12-2019	22:07	Due to heavy sparking and melting TB(terminal block) of bus bar protection panel at 400kV substation sultanpur	
18	Jind-Kirori 2(HVPNL)	Line	400 kV	HVPNL	06-12-2019	19:40	*	*	Phase to phase faultY-B phase, FD=35km from kirori end,FC=6.7KA	
19	Jind(PG)- Kurukshetra(PG) 2	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	19:50	06-12-2019	22:09	B-N fault	
20	Muzaffarnagar 315 MVA	ICT	400/220 kV	UPPTCL	06-12-2019	19:58	06-12-2019	22:50	Buchholz Relay operated	
21	Bhiwadi-Kotputli	Line	400 kV	PGCIL	06-12-2019	20:33	06-12-2019	22:23	Due to OPGW of between loc no. 8 9 of 400 kv bhiwadi - kotputli line has been broken in heavy wind storm	
22	400kV Jhatikara- Mundka 2	Line	400 kV	Delhi	06-12-2019	19:10	*	*	Manually opened due to Y-Ph conductor damaged at Mundka end	



Our Ref : JPL/NRPC/FD/09836 Date : June 12, 2019

#### **The Member Secretary Northern Regional Power Committee** 18-A, Shaheed Jeet Singh Marg, Katwaria Sarai New Delhi -110016

#### Subject: Stabilization period for Flue Gas Desulphurization (FGD) Units

Dear Sir,

This is in relation to the 158<sup>th</sup> OCC meeting held at NRPC office on April 23, 2019 to discuss various issues including the status of installation and operation of FGD in various power plants. In course of the meeting, JPL provided brief status of its FGD which is in operation since February 1, 2019 as per the phasing plan released by CEA. Whilst JPL mostly meet the Environment Norm for SOx < 200mg/Nm3 on continuous real time basis, due to various operational issues faced in newly re-commissioned FGD, at times, JPL has to either shut down its units or reduced the load to rectify the issue in FGD area if there is any exceedance in parameters.

During this meeting, JPL has also highlighted various operational issues which have been faced to achieve the continuous operation of its installed FGD and meeting Environment norms of < 200 mg/Nm3 on the real time continuous basis. It is pertinent to note that all these issues being faced are operational in nature and owing to new operation of FGD in India for which much of expertise is not available in Indian market. In house manpower is being trained on operating the newly commissioned FGD system. New O&M issues are faced on daily basis and are being resolved on real time basis.

## Various issue which are general in nature are highlighted below:

- 1. Inconsistent lime-stone quality: Variation in quality of lime-stone used in FGD leads to frequent deviation in FGD operational parameters
- 2. In initial stabilization stage, frequent cleaning of Absorber tower, its nozzle and de-mister system is required. This requires shut down of FGD and thus the plant need to be stopped.
- 3. Wide variation of Sulphur % in coal materialized from various CIL subsidiaries, this leads to sudden exceedance in SOx and plant load has to be reduced to comply with norms.
- 4. The acid content of the produced by-product is very corrosive in nature leading to frequent damages to analysers. This leads to either abnormally high/low value of SOx being reported and a non-compliance from real time operation. In these cases, either units have to be shut down or load has to be reduced to meet the norms.
- 5. More frequent shutdown of FGD equipment like RC pumps, De-mister in initial stabilization phase and may led to unwanted exceedance.
- 6. **FGD operating regime during start-up/shutdown**: Currently, there are no standard guidelines for thermal power plants to meet the norms while operating FGD during (Unit) start-up/shutdown



A Member of CLP Group

 No operational expertise in market for FGD operation and maintenance manpower. It leads to more time is rectification of O&M issues in initial period and led to unwanted exceedance and not meeting the norms.

#### NRPC/ CEA intervention requirement is in following area.

1. At least 3 years of stabilization period to be allowed after date of commissioning. In the first year the power plant may be required to ensure FGD availability at 70% of the plant availability, in the second year 80% of the plant availability and in the third year availability should be 90% of the plant availability.

After 3<sup>rd</sup> year Plants should be considered fully complying with the norms provided it operated FGD more than 95% of Plant availability

 No clarity on EC norms adherence: There is a need to clarifying the terms on which Sox emission norms must be met. While, controlling Sox emission less than 200mg/NM3 could be guiding parameter, this cannot be met on continuous basis.

JPL propose that, annual ceiling emission target at the normative Plant load factor of 80%, with FGD availability of 70/80/90/95% burning Indian coal having an average Sulphur (say 0.5%) may be fixed for each power plant. If cumulative annual quantity of SOx is within the ceiling limit, the power station should be considered as fully compliant with the emission norms. As per CLP experience in other countries, compliance in meeting the norms on annual basis like in Hong Kong and European countries

 CEA to propose to MOEF&CC the standard operating guideline for thermal power plant's which also includes the FGD operating regime during start up and shutdown conditions. Minimum [24h] stabilization time should be given post reaching to full/stable load for meeting the SO<sub>2</sub> norms.

JPL is the first power plant to operate its FGD after the new environmental norms have been ratified and is currently the only power plant in the northern region. Soon numerous of powerplants throughout India will have newly installed FGD facing similar teething troubles. If these power plants are required to shut down units each time there is a problem with FGD, the whole power supply scenario in the country may become very unpredictable, it may result in grid disturbances also.

JPL request NRPC offices to consider various operational issues highlighted above and request CEA for intervention in way forward to key issues mention above. This can be benefits to all stakeholders when they will actual start of operation of FGD plant and required compliance to be met as per phasing plan.

We solicit your cooperation in this regard. Thanking You,

Yours Sincerely, For Jhajjar Power Limited

Karunakar Jha

General Manager, Commercial

ANNEXURE-AA.4(I)

REGD. NO. D. L.-33004/99



असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii)

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii) प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 2620]	नई दिल्ली, मंगलवार, दिसम्बर 8, 2015/अग्रहायण 17, 1937
No. 2620]	NEW DELHI, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 2015/AGRAHAYANA 17, 1937

### पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय

# अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 7 दिसम्बर, 2015

**का.आ. 3305(अ)**.— केंद्रीय सरकार, पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) की धारा 6 और धारा 25 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) नियम, 1986 का और संशोधन करने के लिए निम्नलिखित नियम बनाती है, अर्थात् :—

1.(1) इन नियमों का संक्षिप्त नाम पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) संशोधन नियम, 2015 है ।

(2) ये उनके राजपत्र में प्रकाशन की तारीख को प्रवृत्त होंगे ।

2. पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) नियम, 1986 की अनुसूची 1 में,—

रजिस्ट्री सं० डी० एल०-33004/99

(क) क्रम सं. 5 और उससे संबंधित प्रविष्टियों के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित क्रम सं. और प्रविष्टियां अंत:स्थापित की जाएंगी, अर्थात् :—

क्रम सं.	उद्योग	मापदंड	मानक
1	2	3	4
<u>5</u> क	ताप विद्युत संयंत्र (जल उपभोग सीमा)	जल उपभोग	<ol> <li>एक बार शीतलन (ओटीसी) के माध्यम से सभी संयंत्र शीतलन टावरों (सीटी) को प्रतिष्ठापित करेंगे और अधिसूचना की तारीख से दो वर्ष की अवधि के भीतर अधिकतम 3.5m<sup>3</sup>/MWh के विनिर्दिष्ट जल उपभोग को हासिल करेंगे।</li> </ol>

511**3** GI/2015

(1)

	11.	सभी	विद्यमान	सीटी-आधारित	संयंत्र
		3.5m <sup>3</sup> /	MWh इस	अधिसूचना के प्रव	जशन की
		तारीख	से दो व	ार्ष के भीतर	अधिकतम
		3.5m <sup>3</sup> /	MWh तक वे	त्र <mark>विनिर्दिष्ट जल</mark> उ	पभोग को
		कम करेंग	गे ।		
	111.	जनवरी,	, 2017 के प	श्चात् प्रतिष्ठापित <sup>ः</sup>	किए जाने
		वाले ना	ए संयंत्र अधि <sup>,</sup>	कतम 2.5 m³/MW	/h तक के
		विनिदिष	<sup>5</sup> ट जल उपभ	ोग को पूरा करेंगे	और शून्य
		जल दुव्यं	र्गय को हासिल	करेंगे ।	

(ख) क्रम सं. 25 और उससे संबंधित प्रविष्टियों के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित क्रम सं. और प्रविष्टियां रखी जाएंगी, अर्थात् :—

क्रम सं.	उद्योग	मापदंड	मानक		
1	2	3	4		
		विवक्त पदार्थ	100 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		
		सल्फर डायोक्साइड( SO₂)	600 mg/Nm³ (500 मेगावाट से कम क्षमता की		
			इकाईयों से लघु इकाईयां)		
			200 mg/Nm³ (500 मेगावाट और उससे अधिक		
			क्षमता की इकाईयां)		
		नाइट्रोजन के आक्साइड	300 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		
		(NOx)			
		पारा (Hg)	0.03 mg/Nm³ (500 मेगावाट और उससे अधिक		
			क्षमता की इकाईयां)		
		1 जनवरी, 2003 के पश्चा	न् 31 दिसंबर, 2016* तक प्रतिष्ठापित टीपीपी		
			(इकाईयां)		
		विवक्त पदार्थ	50 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		
		सल्फर डायोक्साइड  (SO₂)	600 mg/Nm³ (500 मेगावाट से कम क्षमता की		
			इकाईयों से लघु इकाईयां)		
			200 mg/Nm³ (500 मेगावाट और उससे अधिक		
			क्षमता की इकाईयां)		
		नाइट्रोजन के आक्साइड	300 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		
		(NOx)			
		पारा ( Hg)	0.03 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		
		1 जनवरी, 201	7** से प्रतिष्ठापित टीपीपी (इकाईयां)		
		विवक्त पदार्थ	30 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		
		सल्फर डायोक्साइड (SO₂)	100 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		
		नाइट्रोजन के आक्साइड	100 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>		

(NOx)	
पारा ( Hg)	0.03 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>

\* टीपीपी (इकाईयां) इस अधिसूचना के प्रकाशन की तारीख से दो वर्ष के भीतर परिसीमाओं को पूरा करेंगी । \*\* इसके अंतर्गत सभी टीपीपी (इकाईयां) हैं, जिन्हें पर्यावरणीय निकासी प्रदान की गई है और संनिर्माण के अधीन है । [फा. सं. क्यू-15017/40/2007-सीपीडब्ल्यू]

#### डा. राशिद हसन, सलाहकार

**टिप्पण** :- मूल नियम भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग ा, खंड 3, उपखंड (ii) में सं. का.आ. 844(अ) 19 नवंबर, 1986 द्वारा प्रकाशित किए गए थे और उनका पश्चातवर्ती का.आ. 433(अ) तारीख 18 अप्रैल, 1987 ; सा.का.नि 176(अ) तारीख 2 अप्रैल, 1996; सा.का.नि. 97 (अ), तारीख 18 फ़रवरी, 2009 ; सा.का.नि 149(अ) तारीख 4 मार्च, 2009 ; सा.का.नि. 543(अ) तारीख 22 जुलाई, 2009 ; सा.का.नि. 739(अ) तारीख 9 सितम्बर, 2010 ; सा.का.नि. 809(अ) तारीख 4 अक्टूबर, 2010, सा.का.नि. 215(अ) तारीख 15 मार्च, 2011 ; सा.का.नि. 221(अ) तारीख 18 मार्च, 2011 ; सा.का.नि. 354(अ) तारीख 2 मई, 2011 ; सा.का.नि. 424(अ) तारीख 1 जून, 2011 ; सा.का.नि. 446(अ) तारीख 13 जून, 2011 ; सा.का.नि. 152(अ) तारीख 16 मार्च, 2012 ; सा.का.नि. 266(अ) तारीख 30 मार्च, 2012 ; सा.का.नि. 277(अ) तारीख 31 मार्च, 2012; सा.का.नि. 820(अ) तारीख 9 नवम्बर, 2012 ; सा.का.नि. 176(अ) तारीख 18 मार्च, 2013 ; सा.का.नि. 535(अ) तारीख 7 अगस्त, 2013 ; सा.का.नि. 771(अ) तारीख 11 दिसम्बर, 2013 ; सा.का.नि. 2(अ) तारीख 2 जनवरी, 2014 ; सा.का.नि. 229(अ) तारीख 28 मार्च, 2014 ; सा.का.नि. 232(अ) तारीख 31 मार्च, 2014 ; सा.का.नि. 325(अ) तारीख 7 मई, 2014, सा.का.नि. 612(अ) तारीख 25 अगस्त, 2014 और अन्तिम संशोधन सा.का.नि. 789(अ) तारीख 11 नवम्बर, 2014 किया गया था ।

#### MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 7th December, 2015

**S.O.** 3305(E).— In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, namely:—

1. (1) These rules may be called the Environment (Protection) Amendment Rules, 2015.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, in Schedule - I, -

(a) after serial number 5 and entries relating thereto, the following serial number and entries shall be inserted, namely:-

Sr. No.	Industry	Parameter	Standards
1	2	3	4
"5A.	<b>Thermal Power</b>	Water	I. All plants with Once Through Cooling (OTC)
	Plant (Water	consumption	shall install Cooling Tower (CT) and
	consumption limit)		achieve specific water consumption upto
			maximum of 3.5m <sup>3</sup> /MWh within a period

		of two years from the date of publication
		of this notification.
	II. Al	1 existing CT-based plants reduce specific
	wa	ater consumption upto maximum of
	3.5	5m <sup>3</sup> /MWh within a period of two years from
	the	e date of publication of this notification.
	II. Ne	ew plants to be installed after 1 <sup>st</sup> January,
	20	17 shall have to meet specific water
	con	nsumption upto maximum of 2.5 m <sup>3</sup> /MWh
	and	d achieve zero waste water discharged";

(b) for serial number 25, and the entries related thereto, the following serial number and entries shall be substituted, namely:-

Sr. No.	Industry	Parameter	Standards			
1	2	3	4			
"25.	Thermal	TPPs ( units) installed before 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2003*				
	Power Plant	Particulate Matter	100 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			
		Sulphur Dioxide ( SO <sub>2</sub> )	600 mg/Nm³ (Units Smaller than 500MW capacity units)			
			200 mg/Nm³ (for units having capacity of 500MW and above)			
		Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)	600 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			
		Mercury ( Hg)	0.03 mg/Nm³(for units having capacity of 500MW and above)			
		TPPs (units) installed after 1 <sup>st</sup> January,2003, upto 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2016*				
		Particulate Matter	50 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			
		Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	600 mg/Nm³ (Units Smaller than 500MW capacity units)			
			200 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup> (for units having capacity of 500MW and above)			
		Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)	300 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			
		Mercury (Hg)	0.03 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			
		TPPs ( units) to	be installed from 1 <sup>st</sup> January, 2017**			
		Particulate Matter	30 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			
		Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	100 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			
		Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)	100 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			
		Mercury (Hg)	0.03 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>			

\*TPPs (units) shall meet the limits within two years from date of publication of this notification.

**\*\***Includes all the TPPs (units) which have been accorded environmental clearance and are under construction".

[F. No. Q-15017/40/2007-CPW]

Dr. RASHID HASAN, Advisor

**Note:** - The principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) *vide* number S.O. 844(E), dated the 19<sup>th</sup> November, 1986 and subsequently amended *vide* the following notifications:—

S.O. 433(E), dated  $18^{th}$  April 1987; G.S.R. 176(E) dated  $2^{nd}$  April, 1996; G.S.R. 97(E), dated the  $18^{th}$  February, 2009; G.S.R. 149(E), dated the  $4^{th}$  March , 2009; G.S.R. 543(E), dated  $22^{nd}$  July, 2009; G.S.R. 739(E), dated the  $9^{th}$  September, 2010; G.S.R. 809(E), dated, the  $4^{th}$  October, 2010, G.S.R. 215(E), dated the  $15^{th}$  March, 2011; G.S.R. 221(E), dated the  $18^{th}$  March, 2011; G.S.R. 354(E), dated the  $2^{nd}$  May, 2011; G.S.R. 424(E), dated the  $1^{st}$  June, 2011; G.S.R. 446(E), dated the  $13^{th}$  June, 2011; G.S.R. 152(E), dated the  $16^{th}$  March, 2012; G.S.R. 266(E), dated the  $30^{th}$  March, 2012; G.S.R. 176(E), dated the  $31^{st}$  March, 2012; G.S.R. 535(E), dated the  $7^{th}$  August, 2013; G.S.R. 771(E), dated the  $11^{th}$  December, 2013; G.S.R. 2(E), dated the  $2^{nd}$  January, 2014; G.S.R. 229(E), dated the  $28^{th}$  March, 2014; G.S.R. 232(E), dated the  $31^{st}$  March, 2014; and lastly amended vide notification G.S.R. 789(E), dated  $11^{th}$  November, 2014.

#### ANNEXURE-AA.4(II)

# केन्द्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड

# CENTRAL POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय भारत सरकार MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST & CLIMATE CHANGE GOVT. OF INDIA

SPEED POST

B-33014/07/2017-18/IPC-II/TPP/

December 11, 2017

To

# Dadri Thermal Power Station (NCTPS) National thermal Power corporation Dadri, Dist: Gautambudhnagar-201008; U.P

# Sub: Directions under Section 5 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 regarding compliance of emission limit notified vide notification No.S.O.3305 (E) dated 07.12.2015 - reg.

WHEREAS, taking into consideration pollution from thermal power plants, Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change had issued notification in the year 1984 laying out standards for thermal power plants. Further, the stack height regulation was notified in the year 1989 and effluent standard for thermal power plants was notified in the year 1986. The revised temperature limit of discharge of cooling water from the plants was notified in the year 1999 and thereafter use of beneficiated coal in the plants was issued in June 2002. The fly ash utilization notification was also issued On 14th September, 1999 and amended in the year 2003 and 2009. Thereafter, MoEF&CC vide Notification No. S.O.3(305(E) dated 07.12.2015 has amended emission limit for particulate matter and notified new limits for Sulphur dioxide (SO2), Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) and mercury emission, and water consumption limit for coal/lignite based thermal power plants. As per the notification dated 07.12.2015, thermal power plants are required to achieve the notified limit within two years from the date of the notification i.e. by 07.12.2017;

WHEREAS, with the implementation of the amendment dated 07.12.2015, it is expected that there would be reduction in emission of PM, Sulphur dioxide and oxide of Nitrogen, which in turn will help in improvement in Ambient Air Quality in and around thermal power plants, besides reduction of mercury emission and water use in the thermal power plants will reduce;

WHEREAS, in the meeting on Coal Washeries (Environment & Forest Clearances) and Emission Norms for Thermal Power Plants chaired by the Hon'ble Minister of Environment, Forest & Climate Change and Minister of Power, Coal & Renewable Energy on June 08, 2016, it was decided that a committee comprising representatives from MoEF & CC, Ministry of Power (MoP), Central electricity Authority (CEA), Ministry of Coal (MoC), Power Grid Corporation of India Limited (PGCI) and Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) may be constituted to look into the all issues related to implementation of norms;

WHEREAS, following decisions were taken in the meeting:

Dadri Thermal Power Station (NCTPS)

'परिवेश भवन' पूर्वी अर्जुन लगर, दिल्ली–110032 Parivesh Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar, Delhi-110032 दूरभाष/Tel : 43102030, 22305792, वेबसाईट/Website : www.cpcb.nic.in

- 1. MoP/CEA shall submit action plan by December 2016 for phasing out of the power plants commissioned before December, 2003.
- 2. MoP / CEA shall submit action plan by December, 2016 in respect of power plants commissioned during January, 2004 to December, 2016 indicating unit wise retrofit / renovation for each power plant. The implementation of action plan shall be taken up in backword manner starting from the plants commissioned in the 2015 and the shall be completed by 15.08.2022
- 3. MoP and CEA shall coordinate with each State Public Sector Undertakings separately for submission of action plan by December, 2016 for all the power plants.

WHEREAS, it was further decided that MoP shall take action for installation of Flue gas Desulphurisation (FGD) if needed to achieve prescribed SO<sub>2</sub> norms based on the SO<sub>2</sub> emission levels from power plants;

WHEREAS, it was also pointed out that NOx control technology in case of Indian coal is not established. Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) technology is used for NOx control, however, its feasibility for Indian coal needs to be established. MoP suggested that Pilot studies may be taken up in two plants and based on the results, further action plan to be drawn regarding retrofitting of SCR in plants to achieve prescribed NOx norms;

WHEREAS, the MoP constituted a committee under the Chairmanship of Chairman, Central Electricity Authority (CEA) on 21.09.2016 to prepare an action plan for implementation of new emission limits;

WHEREAS, to ensure compliance of the new emission norms the MOEF&CC convened a meeting on 23.05.2017 in which CEA, NTPC and the Central Pollution Control Board participated;

WHEREAS, the MOEF&CC received a letter from Secretary Ministry of Power vide their D.O. letter No. FU-1/2016-IPC dated  $30^{th}$  June, 2017 indicating the concerns of various thermal power plants in the country with regard to the compliance with the new emission norms for the thermal power plants notified on 7.12.2015 particularly w.r.t. Particulate Matter (PM), Sulphur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) & Oxides of Nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>);

WHEREAS, it was noted that out of present 196667 MW installed capacity, about 60 % capacity (1,15,214 MW) meets the new PM norms with existing ESP installations. Remaining capacity of 64,334 MW which does not meet the new environmental norms regarding PM, requiring retrofitting additional fields in Electrostatic Precipitator (ESP)/replacement of ESP in existing plants to meet the new emission norms of PM;

WHEREAS, Ministry of Power after consultation with Central electricity Authority informed that retrofitting additional fields in ESP/replacement of ESP in existing plants will need complete shutdown of 4-6 months for each unit;

16

Dadri Thermal Power Station (NCTPS)

#### Scanned by CamScanner

WHEREAS, in order to meet SO<sub>2</sub> emission norms, FGD system shall be required to be installed in all plants. MoP informed that about 30-36 months required for design & engineering, approvals, funds arrangements, tendering, erection and commissioning of FGD. Besides, planned shutdown will be required as all plants cannot be shut down simultaneously. Another challenge highlighted for installation of FGD was availability of technologies/suppliers. In addition, issues relating to availability of good quality lime stone for operation of FGD and disposal of Gypsum to run the FGD in existing plants were also taken note of;

WHEREAS, the standard of 300 & 100 mg/NM<sup>3</sup> would require installation of Selective Non Catalytic Reduction (SNCR) or Selective Non Catalytic Reduction (SCR). While these technologies are established globally, these are not established for Indian Coal, which has high ash content. Therefore, it was decided to engage various technology vendors to run pilots at NTPC stations to validate technology of SNCR/SCR system for Indian coal;

WHEREAS, the Ministry of Power in the letter dated 30.06.2017 enclosed the report outlining the plan of action for implementation of the new norms keeping in mind the techno-economic feasibility and ensuring availability of power to all at affordable cost without any disruption;

WHEREAS, as per the phasing plan proposed by MOP after consultation with CEA and Regional Power Committees, out of the installed capacity of 1, 87,162 MW ( as on December, 2016), 8217 MW have been identified for retirement/already retired. Further, 12,974 MW of capacity already have either CFBC boilers or FGDs.

WHEREAS, a phasing plan was proposed for the balance 165971 MW of coal based thermal capacity for achieving compliance with 145977 MW capacity proposing installation of FGDs within a period of 7 years to be undertaken in a phased manner. About 3205 MW of coal based capacity was stated to be compliant with revised norms of SO2 emission;

WHEREAS, it was further noted that approximately about 16789 MW would not be able to install FGDs due to various constraints which include lack of space, etc.;

WHEREAS, CEA has worked out the requirement of capacity of coal based thermal power plants including hydro, wind, solar, gas based units to meet the estimated peak demand of 225 GW in 2021-22;

WHEREAS, MoP suggested that the compliance period of PM for the plants installing FGD may be kept same as per the FGD phasing plan;

WHEREAS, it was requested that for implementation of NOx norms in the plants installed before 31.12.2003 a period of three years may be permitted to achieve specified standards of  $600 \text{ mg/Nm}^3$ . For other plants a

17

Dadri Thermal Power Station (NCTPS)

#### Scanned by CamScanner

relaxation of 600 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup> in place of 300 and 100 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup> for a period of 3 years was also requested;

WHEREAS, taking into account the issues/concerns raised by the MoP and the sensitivity involved in the matter as it relates to general public of the country, the Ministry undertook detailed analysis of each of the issues in the meetings held on 06.07.2017, 27.07.2017, 11.08.2017 and 01.09.2017. These meetings were also attended by the various stakeholders including Ministry of Power, CEA, NTPC etc.;

WHEREAS, MOEF & CC in the meeting with MoP, CEA, NTPC & CPCB etc. held on September 1, 2017 decided that the action plan submitted by MoP for 7 years i.e. up to 2024 was too long and it should instead commence from 2018 and implemented by 2022 with respect to all pollutants. It was further suggested that action plan should be revised prioritising the plants located in critically polluted area /close to habitation /urban area. Based on the decisions taken in the meeting Ministry of Power vide letter No. FU-1/2017-IPC dated 13.10.2017 submitted the revised action plan, to implement/phasing FGD installation/ ESP upgradation to meet new emission norms for thermal power plants;

WHEREAS, as per the revised plan submitted by the MoP vide letter dated 13.102.17, 650 units comprising 196667 MW need to meet the new emission limits. Out of 650 units, FGD will be installed to achieve the emission limit of SO<sub>2</sub> by the year 2022 in all 415 units comprising 161522 MW (01 unit by 2018, 08 units by 2019, and 55 units by 2020, 172 units by 2021 and 178 units by 2022, for 01 units with 150 MW capacity plan is not received). Remaining 235 units comprised of 35145 MW either complying with SO2 emission limits or planned for phasing out;

WHEREAS, ESP upgradation to achieve emission limit of particulate matter will be completed by the year 2022 in PM for 231 units comprising of 65925 MW capacity out of 650 units (01 unit by 2018, 02 units by 2019, 28 units by 2020, 97 units by 2021 and 94 units by 2022, for 09 units of 1400 MW capacity plan by 2022);

WHEREAS, with regard to compliance of emission limit of NOx, it is suggested that pre combustion modification such as in situ modification in boiler, installation of Low NOx burners and Over Fire Air shall be adopted besides installation of SCR/SNCR systems wherever needed by the year 2022;

WHEREAS, electricity is cleanest form of energy which helps in mitigating house hold air pollution which is matter of concern;

WHEREAS, there is need to provide electricity supply to people who do not yet have access to it;

WHEREAS, taking into consideration the technical challenges and time requirements for installation of FGD and other technologies to meet the new emission limits, the MoEF&CC vide its letter F. No. Q-15017/40/2007-CPW

4 Dadri Thermal Power Station (NCTPS)

#### Scanned by CamScanner

dated 07.12.2017 has directed CPCB to direct all the thermal power plants to ensure compliance with the norms laid down in the 07.12.2015 notification in accordance with the revised Plan submitted by the Ministry of Power letter dated 13.10.2017as well as NOx by 2022;

WHEREAS, the Ministry of Environment, Forest& Climate Change, Government of India, vide Notifications No. S. O. 157 (E) of 27.02.1996 and S. O. 730 (E) dated 10.07.2002, has delegated the powers vested under Section 5 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) to the Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, to issue directions to any industry or any local body or any other authority for violations of the standards and rules notified under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986 and amendment thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, taking into consideration all material facts including environmental concerns and ensuring stability of power supply and need for phasing the implementation, in exercise of powers vested under Section 5 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, following directions are issued to M/s Dadri Thermal Power Station (NCTPS), NTPC Ltd. :

- *i.* That plant shall meet PM emission limit immediately by installing Electrostatic Precipitator.
- *ii.* That plant shall install FGD by December 31, 2019 in Unit 1,2,3,4,5 & 6 respectively so as to comply SO<sub>2</sub> emission limit.
- iii. That plant shall take immediate measure like installation of low NOx burners, providing Over Fire Air (OFA) etc. and achieve progressive reduction so as to comply NOx emission limit by the year 2019

The time line mentioned above (i to iii) for compliance of PM,  $SO_2 \& NOx$  emission limits shall be reviewed by CPCB within a period of three months and shall be brought down further considering the location specificity of the plant such as critical polluted area/ closeness to habitation/ urban area.

The time line for compliance of water consumption limit shall also be finalised in consultation of plants

M/s Dadri Thermal Power Station (NCTPS), NTPC Ltd shall ensure compliance of directions mentioned above (i to iii) failing which action will be taken under the appropriate provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

ehta) airman

# CENTRAL ELECTRICITY REGULATORY COMMISSION 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Chanderlok Building, 36, Janpath, New Delhi-110001

Date: 13.2.2019

**Subject:** Minutes of 2<sup>nd</sup> Meeting on Real time data at SLDC vs data used for deviation charges accounts.

Please find enclosed the minutes of meeting for the 2nd meeting regarding real time data at SLDC vs data used for deviation charges accounts held on 28.5.2018 at CERC.

2. You are requested to comply the direction as per minutes.

(Sanoj Kumar Jha) Secretary, CERC

Encl: As per mailing list

- L. Chairman, Haryana Vidyut Prasaran Nigam Limited, Shakti Bhawan, Sector 06, Panchkula - 134109
- 2. The Chairman cum Managing Director, Punjab State Power Corporation Limited, PSEB Head Office, The Mall, Patiala-147001
- 3. The Chairman cum Managing Director, Power Grid Corporation of India Limited, Saudamini, Plot No. 2, Sector-29, Gurgaon-122001 (Haryana)
- 4. The Chairman cum Managing Director, POSOCO, B-9, Qutub Institutional Area, Katwaria sarai, New Delhi-110016
- 5. Member Secretary, Northern Regional Power Committee, 18-A, Qutab Institutional Area, Shaheed Jeet Singh Marg, Katwaria Sarai, New Delhi-110016
- 6. The Managing Director, Haryana Vidyut Prasaran Nigam Limited (HVPNL) Shakti Bhawan, Sector 6, Panchkula 134109
- 7. The Chairman and Managing Director, Punjab State Transmission Corp. Ltd. (PSTCL), Regd. Office, PSEB Head Office, The Mall, Patiala-147001
- 8. The Chief Engineer, State Load Dispatch Centre, SLDC Complex, PSTCL, Near 220 kV G/Stn, Ablowal, Patiala 147001
- 9. The Managing Director, State Load Despatch Centre, Haryana, Behind BBMB Power house, Sewah, Panipat, Haryana 132103
- 10. The Chairman/Managing Director, Haryana Power Purchase Centre (HPPC), Vidyut Sadan, Plot No.C 16, Sector-6, Panchkula-134109, Haryana
- 11. The Director Distribution, Punjab State Power Corporation Ltd. (PSPCL), The Mall, PSEB head Office, Baradari, Patiala, Punjab-147001

#### CENTRAL ELECTRICITY REGULATORY COMMISSION 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Chanderlok Building, 36, Janpath, New Delhi-110001

2<sup>nd</sup> Meeting at CERC: Determination of deviation charges: Real time data at SLDC vs data used for deviation charges accounts.

- 1. Meeting on above subject was held at CERC, Conference Hall, Upper Ground Floor (Front Side), Chanderlok Building, 36 Janpath, New Delhi on 28.5.2018. The representatives of HVPNL, PSPCL, HPPC, Powergrid, POSOCO, NRPC and Staff of the Commission were present during the meeting. List of participants is at **Annexure-I**.
- 2. Secretary, CERC welcomed all the participants to the meeting. He informed that meeting has been convened to discuss on the report submitted by the HVPNL, PSPCL and POSOCO in compliance to the minutes of meeting issued dated 30.10.2017.
- 3. Joint Chief (Engg.), CERC briefed the participants on the issue. She submitted that during the last meeting held on 6.9.2017, Haryana & Punjab representatives had submitted that there is difference in the SEM UI data computed by NRPC vs net SEM UI data computed by SLDC. POSOCO representative during the last meeting has submitted that SCADA and SEM points are different. Further, POSOCO representative had submitted that the main reason of mismatch is communication failure (under PGCIL). In view of these, Powergrid has also been called for the meeting. She further stated that
  - a) HVPNL vide letter dated 16.11.2017 has submitted that out of 102 points (ISTS interface), for 40 no. of points-SEM & SCADA points are same. There is a minor difference in SEM & SCADA data (<1%). Haryana representative may update the latest status of mismatch of SCADA vs SEM data and any other issue. Haryana representative may also state if they still want any action point, keeping in view the difference is less than 1%.</li>
  - b) PSTCL vide letter dated 20.12.2017 has submitted that out of 90 interface points, 88 points are same for SEM & SCADA input.
     Punjab representative may update the latest status of mismatch of SCADA vs SEM data.
  - c) POSOCO has filed report only for HVPNL. POSOCO may update the status of PSPCL as sought during meeting held on 6.9.2017.
  - d) PGCIL may comment on observation of POSOCO that main reason of mismatch is communication failure (under PGCIL).

<sup>1</sup> Minutes of Meeting held at CERC on 28.5.2018 on Real time data availability at SLDC vs Data used for Deviation Charges Accounts

- e) POSOCO has also submitted action plan for improvement. Haryana, Punjab and PGCIL representatives may provide its views or any suggestion on the same.
- Harvana, SLDC representative submitted that 74 points constitute the 4 HVPNL drawl and recently in the month of May, 2018 it has been observed that the difference between SEM & SCADA data has been less than 1%. However, there are few special cases which is created due to telemetry failure, communication or RTU failure where differences observed is SLDC higher. further submitted that measures only 74 He points through SCADA out of 102 SEM points because differences were higher in 102 SEM points as compared to 74 interface points. That's why from operational point of view, they didn't find any merit to disturb the existing arrangement and it should be easily functional to operators, keeping in view grid security and real time operation of the system.
- 5. Chief (Engg.), CERC asked Haryana, SLDC representative if they have encountered higher differences at their direct interface point and if they are able to find the reasons for the same? Haryana, SLDC representative replied that at their interface point, differences are higher. The reason is that no. of telemetry have rapidly increased the accuracy class of transducers (0.5) and SEMs (0.25) are altogether different. Also, due to increase in telemetry, RTUs have increased and with the increase in no.s of RTUs the problems may also increase. All 220 kV RTUs are through optical fibres, hence Communication problem is resolved. Further, he also submitted that recently one project was implemented (funded by government) through which Haryana has built 97 nodes and communication problem has been resolved to a large extent.
- 6. Secretary, CERC asked to Haryana Discoms whether the differences between the SCADA vs SEM data has decreased and if that is so, to what extent or percentage? Haryana Discom representative submitted that there are still many slots where the deviation is more than and it which is random. He showed the excel file of day wise, slot-wise comparison of drawls for the month of MARCH-18, APRIL-18 & MAY-18 and highlighted the mismatch greater than 100 MW. Presentation by Haryana Discoms is annexed at **Annexure-II**.
- 7. Joint Chief (Engg.), CERC asked Haryana, SLDC representative whether the 74 interface points refered, are ISTS drawal points and if they are the same as 102 points where SEM meters are installed. There should not be differences between these 2 points. Haryana, SLDC representative replied that altogether they are not different, but voltage level difference is there. SEM is at lower voltage & 74 points (SCADA) is at higher voltage. She further asked to indicate their suggestion to minimize the differences. He replied that 74 drawal points are considered and it seems ok from operational point of view. However, when distribution representative uses to measure from SEM point slot-wise there is an issue, which can be

<sup>2</sup> Minutes of Meeting held at CERC on 28.5.2018 on Real time data availability at SLDC vs Data used for Deviation Charges Accounts

elaborated by Discom representative. Discom representative replied that seeing the error quantum, there is still scope for further improvement.

- 8. Chief (Engg.), CERC suggested that for Discoms to rely upon meters, wherever SEM point are there, discoms should also be given SCADA point nearby SEM point so that they would be able to manage their deviations.
- 9. GM (SCADA), NRLDC, POSOCO submitted that even if SCADA and SEM point will be same, the no of point will be more, and there will be questions of accumulating these additional points. If the number of points will increase then reliability of telemetry will be affected as there will be increase in unreliable no. of points. If the telemetry fails then more will the probability be of inaccuracies. He further stated that telemetry failure is increasing.
- 10. NRLDC, POSOCO representative gave a presentation and showed graphical plot for Haryana and Punjab for SEM vs SCADA plot. He submitted that drawal schedule is calculated based on reliably available telemetry points. He submitted that average deviation incase of Haryana for the month of April, 2018 and May, 2018 is less than 3%. He also submitted that comparison on block basis deviation is around 1% on most of the days. Higher deviation is due to telemetry failure. Presentation by POSOCO is annexed at **Annexure-III**.
- 11. Haryana, Discom representative stated that they have placed work order for setting up their own meters in parallel to the SEM meters present at interface boundary, which will provide them data in real time. Secretary, CERC asked the representative whether meter installation has been started and will these help them in reducing the error? Haryana representative replied that atleast redundancy will increase and if any doubt will be there they can take cognizance of same.
- 12. PGCIL representative submitted that as regard Communication failure, there may be chances that hardly 2-3 days communication failure can happen in a month. For balance days a bench mark of quantum of total difference can be made and in ideal condition what should be differences is to be fixed and then deliberation can be done.
- 13. PSPCL, Punjab representative stated that there is still inconsistency in data recorded from SEM & SCADA. Many a times, when they see underdrawl on their meters, they find that there is overdrawal when it is billed. He further submitted that as far as 2017-18 data is considered, as per SCADA they have surrendered 1000 LU i.e they have done underdrawal, however as per SEM they have surrendered only 455 LU and they have to pay Rs. 90 crore.

3 Minutes of Meeting held at CERC on 28.5.2018 on Real time data availability at SLDC vs Data used for Deviation Charges Accounts

- 14. C.E/SLDC, PSTCL stated that they are facing communication failure and for resolving the same they are trying to have alternate route also, so that even if there is one route failure it will have redundancy from other and chances of failure of both are less. Chief (Engg), CERC asked PSTCL representative that out of 90 interface points, 88 points are same for SEM & SCADA input for Punjab, and still error is coming. In such a situation, the only possible reason appears to be error in the metering and that requires calibration. Punjab representative replied that recently they have compared standard meter with RTU & Energy meter of PGCIL and Punjab and they found that there is no calibration issue & calculation is also same problem lies in RTU.
- 15. Joint Chief (Engg.), CERC stated that overdrawal & underdrawal data is very important for RLDC to take action as RLDC uses such data of inter-State drawalto operate ancillary services.
- 16. Secretary, CERC asked SLDC representatives as to how will they operate with Discoms real time data which will be made available by Discoms. Further, he suggested that both Discoms & SLDCs should sit together and discuss at RPC forum on what action can be taken on data received by Discoms in real time.
- 17. Joint Chief (Engg.), CERC asked Powergrid representative about the steps being taken by them to improve the Communication failure & also what is percentage of failure. PGCIL representative replied that around 75-80% stations have been configured on dual path, however OPGW fibre installation is going on. It will still take 1.5-2 yrs for all stations to be configured on dual path.
- 18. Secretary, CERC asked NRPC representative to discuss the issue and find out if any technical issue is to be resolved so that deviation in data can be minimized. NRPC representative stated that U.P Discoms have also recorded problem of deviation and same was examined & a Committee was formed. As per recommendation of Committee, a procedure was also laid down & adopted. He further stated that though overall deviation may be less than 1% but in some of cases and in some lines it is around 25%. He submitted that they have identified 20-25 stations of UP & 10-12 stations of PGCIL, where major deviations were recorded and they have asked them to take action & if there is requirement to change faulty transducers, SEM etc. As a result of these, it was seen that out of initial 25 locations, it is now only 6 locations or so were problem is there and overall deviation has reduced to less than 1%.

#### 19. Conclusions:

- a) It was observed that differences in SEM & SCADA data have decreased from 3% to 1%. It was agreed that error should be reduced further as far as possible.
  - 4 Minutes of Meeting held at CERC on 28.5.2018 on Real time data availability at SLDC vs Data used for Deviation Charges Accounts
    - 25

- b) It was also agreed that the data of the new meter installed by Discoms should be shared with SLDC/RLDCs also so that action can be taken by respective SLDC/RLDCs.
- c) PGCIL was requested to take suitable steps to resolve the issue of telemetry failure & to get suitable backup of communication data.
- d) Representatives of Haryana & Punjab were advised to share the latest data with NRPC and also share the details of stations/locations where problems are faced. NRPC was requested to take up issue at NRPC level and if it still remains unresolved, then NRPC may write to CERC, updating the status & action expected from CERC.

Meeting ended with thanks to the chair.

5 Minutes of Meeting held at CERC on 28.5.2018 on Real time data availability at SLDC vs Data used for Deviation Charges Accounts

#### Annexure-I

List of Participants in the Meeting

Sl.No	Name	Designation/Organisation
1	Sanoj Kumar Jha	Secretary, CERC
2	S.C.Srivastava	Chief (Engg.), CERC
3	Shilpa Agarwal	Joint Chief (Engg.), CERC
4	M.M.Choudhary	Dy. Chief (Engg.), CERC
5	G.Ramanjaneyulu	Asst. Chief (Engg), CERC
6	Gaurav Kumar	Associate (Engg), CERC
7	R.K.Kaushik	SE/SLDC & C, HVPN
8	Rakesh Jolly	CE/SO & Comml., HVPN
9	Arvind Chaudhary	XEN/SO, UHBUN, PKL
10	Anupam Katiyar	SE/SO, UHBVN
11	Ashok	UHBVN
12	Debasis Deo	GM, NRLDC, POSOCO
13	Ankur Gulati	Dy. Mgr., NRLDC, POSOCO
14	A.S.Kushwaha	G.M(LD&C), Powergrid
15	Y.K.Dikshit	G.M(Engg./ULDC), Powergrid
16	Dr.Sunita Chohan	DGM (LD&C), Powergrid
17	KNM Rao	Ass.GM, NRPC
18	Harmesh Kumar	CE/SLDC, PSTCL
19	Madan Singh	SE/SLDC, PSTCL
20	Iqbal Singh	ASE, PSPCL
21	Praveen Yadav	XEN/SO, DHBVN
22	S.Goswami	Sr.Mgr, Tata Power-DDL

Awenne-D

15-02-2019

PPT by Howyour Discon

# MISMATCH BETWEEN THE DRAWL DATA AS LOGGED BY SLDC/PANIPAT AND THAT GENERATED BY THE NRPC FROM METERED DATA

DAY WISE SLOT-WISE COMPARISON OF DRAWLS HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR MARCH-18, APRIL-18 & MAY-18

MISMATCH GREATER THAN 100MW HAS BEEN HIGHLIGHTED

Link





1	1	Concernance and	5 ( 572	and the second second	141	sport minute	Contraction of	amp.	THE DIST TRANSPORT	111112200	A.M.R.EL	K 34.85.70	100.1348.003	机机械	11.01.01.01	CO AD AD A	(北井)(北)	12112-010	11.01.2311	12.00.2018	1246391	125-02-2016	21-49-073	×18-01.011	79 44 221	Con statut	11.23.200
T	-4-1	47. 8	1.154	1.76	117	4 0		10.		the Mari	+	1-144	-	-N-		- 41	11	11	- Acces	- 0		- 40	- 11	41	11000	. 45	39
1 18	-22	1. 1	2 17 18	CL2	132	22 2	26	13	111			1.00	1 11	1 20-	1000					11				19		1.11.1	
1 11	1.1874	32.1	1111465	572	444	A	- 11	34	1		10	1 20		1-2-						-		-111		1.00			
1 1.	1518	11 1	3 44.445		232	347	#3	-43	2 81	7	4 44	- 11	10 - 10	1 10	#2	1.0			-		res Para			58.			
A	525	-11. 1 - 1	1. 1.11	10.000	244	12 4		8	6 17	18	42		1	ALC: NOT T			11		11 - Colo		11			17			
	all a second	1. 1	0 87	1.2834	200	4 15		a family		1 16	4	1	1 45	11	42		- 12 -		-	- 11	- all in		- <u>A</u>	1 11		-11-1	
5-1-1-1-1	- 24.		A		641	2	1.1.1	45	1	4.8	13	16		1 79	33		12								- 10	- 11 - 1	
S	-01	12 1	1		213	42	10	10	34	-12	- 43	48	35	. 24	36	41		10	4.8	11		1.014			1000		
	-11	- 11	- He ME			11	. 11.	11	4	18.	. 84	45	-71	65	50	47	38			1		1.1		110	1.11	- 10 -	
	a secondaria		I DOUBLE	- Mart		44 4	- diana	47	1.	-13	4	1. 1.12	41	1 15	47	-14		1.8			14	- 33 - 1	- 18	1.14			
1000		17	1 108		-01	A. It.	11	11	the second in			1.44	63	82	6.0		1	-11	- 2	-11	10		17	1.1	1 11	-2-1	
1 1 1			1.		A18	St. 11	.11	31.	1	-13	-15	- 35	-11	86	24	-418	. 58		- 41	-18	14	1.1	A.		11		
1 1 1			- fraint in		417-1		1.0	-12	1	- 34		1.1			54	-19	.13	43.	- 18	1.4	100 -	34	1	1	1 11	40 1	25
10 10			10000		- 117	12 1		10	- A	43.		.41			- 61	- 14	-14	. 28	10	1.0	- 11				3.6	11	11
		-1-1-1	10.000	1 10		11 1	2.1	11.	-11-	-47	31.	. dt.	1. 11		11	32.		3.0	- M.	- 47 -	15	1	128	. 41	6.8	83.	44
15	10			1 10-1		1		-11	11 1		4			104	. M.	11	31		-14		-44	10		17	17	39	80
10 1 1	14	72	110 125	110		N	1000	-	1. 1.	1.1	10.0			114	14	41			- 15.	· +		23	31	4	45	47	10
E 0.0	110	112-1-2			- 198	11 1 11			1 1		1.10	12.	- Anna	1	14		11	.44	- 49	. 12				1	11	41	19
12 24	100	34 1		1 192	111	A	1.1		-14 - 11	- tom	- de	- H.		. 11.				11				1.1.1	10.0	1.19		-24	14
12 28	115	101	10111	1.07	418	15 1 47		1 +		4	- 94	1 11			10	. 11	-45	18.			11		111	1.14		3.4	11
11	110	141.7	1 17000	and there is		11		-		4-0	- 16	- 14	- H	100	Lictle	1	48	- 41.	38	- 64	10	117		181.		80.	11
14 L	. 275	118 1		4.10	200	44 1 12		10	-11			- 11-	1 20-	- 54			45	5		- 11		- 45	- 18-	ta			14
2.6 23.	447	248	11728.	15 115	114	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1	Sec. 1		training of				1	h	1		1.	- 38		- 4	12	-11	39		- 91	11.
44	Calls.	318	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	34	201	TL II	35	3-1-	1998	10.000			-+	And Person			-11-	- N-	- 11		- 42	- 94	- 44	336.0	<u>'81 -</u>		39
0 0	464	318	44	1.194	5.4	74 18		14	41 1 2 4	10	1 12	1 11-	11 111	100		11		411	- 41		_11_	1	51	- M	- 10t	111	84
4 68		28.4	- 11	241	24	41 .17	-10	41	41	1 14	44	1	1111	100			_112	110	- 10	-35	- 14	- W	- <u>N</u>	A	11		1
2 13	1.899.	288 D		204	COMPANY OF THE OWNER	11 6	10	41	de l'United	1 41	10	C. Conten	47	1			- 11		4.1		-1-	- 2	-41	1	-11-1	11	. 64
E-handland	. 411	41	1 11	382	I KITL	45. 49	.04	-42	- 22	45	- 44	117		4	-81	10000			411				- 0	10.00	- 2	- N	
1 01 14 1 1	. #11	AD6	1.114		1.63	31		4.4		- 28	45	127	42	11	40	-	- 44	-30		18	- 13	-2-1		110.085		-11-1-	111
1		ALC: N	10.000.0	11	ARK	18 12	104	-43	1018	4	1.10	- 18	112	34	1	1.0					17	- 11-	- 6	treel e		and the second	
1 11	10	298	10.00	418	111	48 48	-41	10610			15	11	41	LI II	-11		- 6	17	1		-1	1	10	110.00	-11-1	- H	
1 11	- M 10	MALL N	HILFFR.	1.12	100	M. L.	10	1	· ##		- 44		41	1	100	1000	100	18			118		41	Trans.		and the second	
AL .	115	10 1	1000	1	1.000	18 21	11	1	10.11	- 48	15	14	44	. 44	- 18	144	15	- 11	4		12			10040	Conception of the		
	10010-000	Mail 1	- HARMA	245	100	11		4	18	46	-84	- 1	- 10	73	188.	10.00	11	17	1.1	15			24	10000		the second s	10.062.0
	- 10 - 10 m	742		1 185	12M 11	a 1 14		79	144. 4	34.70	1.14	-44	44	41	40	1878	.74		2		111		21	11.	11	1000	
		Ma		Maria .	- 18	11 H	22	11	34	1		- M		46	12	2.64	11		11	11	11	12	B.	80		41	
	100	100 mile		10-110-1	11.	72 28		42	- Ti		-47	1	- 41	44	1.144	1678	17		10		11-	13		11	LAL	41	
	100	10000		109		43	-30	11	44 42			. 12	1	- 64	1638111	14.8	1.1	E	. (8	44		17	8	87	111	11	11
		600 mil 11		1.10		1 12		73	-25 -11	715		41	17	47	1955	48	11	10.000	34		1		- 89		11		11
23	-120-1-	345		10.055	-22	Same den	61	11-1-	41 28	41	38	- K -	1	- 71	1,10	- 17	15	1.8.21	-1.5	1	- 24	-14	- 10	#7	14	41	TR
077400110	112	116 11 11	- modeler	and the second		0		8-1-	A	3	126	34	11	54	- 619	A	32	34		10	- 41	33	47	#1	111	11	18
	117.11	118	1000	1	and the second second	0	_11	8-1-	40	to an to be	- 195	5	41	14.	.1581.	- 40			. 12		. 17.	-94		14	100		11
	118	100 11	110000	1000		A		4	- 13		11	-44		17	140				T	- 4	12	- 11	11	10		13	11
6 6	1.000	10 mm			-72	des and the second design of t		2	- 74	18		- 11	1 44	- 88	- 59		- 28.	11	- 18	- 4	18	4	44	40 -	- 74	21	- 15
4 4	100	44 1	and Shifting	100	11	14			the second second second			- 44	1	- Bin			17.	83	. Al			- 74	- 69	10	324	49.	11
2 17	33	13 4 48	111/8120	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100010070	Contraction of the local division of the loc	115	2-1-1	-the local tra	- Maril			- 22	- 10	- 22		_1_	18	- A	12		. 46	1.	- 54		31.1	- 34
44	46	7 0	100	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	18		10000	A	and a should be		112	11		and the set		111	22	- AL			4	19	2.41	1000	100		
28	82	55 11	10.00	-		14			All and a second second	1-25-04	10	111	- 34		- 155.			18.		188	- 13 -	in the second	- 24		<u>H</u>	84	34.6
.10	40	31 23	TO BAR	and the second se	74	1		7-1-			- 11	COLL.		12		- 12 - 1	1200		_ 11 _	- deni	A	- 11 -	. 11		_141	-11	. 63
. 12		45 51	511/23A	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	28 18	Contraction of the	2			_	- 111	1. 11.			- 9	- 11	-Maria		- 12	11	11		. 64		54	
1.80.0-	- 92	25. 10.389	C.L. Lefel	100	19	61		47				1111	-11	and a state of the second	100		- 11	1984		_Ree		-81	11.			47	
104 5	236	38 101889	1	10.000	-18	41 148.0	37	20		1 17						- 33	-		10		- 84/-	-0			- deside		
18	85	44	170	100	41 1			2	-H		-3	-10-				-17	-9-1						1	34			.13
	54	44 1 1 4	3.27	3.331	118	15 195	11 100	19	44	1 1 1				COLUMN TWO IS NOT							- 11	1.1	- Hereit		1.04		- de-
1.1.1	120	\$1. NF	170	341	34	A	114	10	10 AL				1 11		- it as	- 1 - 1			= 110.11	-07-1	- 41	1.1.1		0.00		1.170	CELET
	119	SI.	141710	454	- 34	1	11	11	11 11					47		- 10	-1-1	10000				-	-	- 11-		1.10	12
- 14	.16	10.12	100.00010	311	40	10.000	¥.,	18	34 0	24			4		312.7		14	1.00		-1-			11	1.1		- 10	
1.1	1	11. 1		1.	Burn	0	-8-	18	1 4	- 43	111	6.8.8	- 79	1881	-112 -	1	18	- 44 - 1	44	M	81	-28	24	145			
1.1	11-1-	11 11	116	and the second	- Stand	241	. 43	11	11		141	. 643	-30	18.8		15	-14	-41	11	11	17.	1	29	41	14	10	12
		U. U.		A17.00	alfer a	A		a.	0 3	. 15	190	1.1.2	A	.13	-45	- 24	11	54	14	18	12	1.1	91	81	54	14	11
	1	11	-1 OL.	No MAint		14 11 11 11	and inter	A. A.	86	- Acc	_11_	-123	- 65	84	U.A.	- 41	12.	-81	-11	2	- 26	2.8	81	4.5	- H	15	15
1 1 1		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	1.	1000	- 12	Real Providence	111		47		44	1				38	14.		32	12	18.	15		.15	- Al	42	- 85
1	n		100	and the second second			- ++	dent for	M	11	11		. 45						- 12	-44	3	-11	18	15		11	1434
1 18	17	3 1 1	61.040	The second second	14	1 14					- 11 -	180	40	10		M	11			1	_U			4	. H.	- 42	.71
10	90 100	ind i you	140	Control 1		March 14	1000	S	die aller		-	11	- SL	1	- 35	- 14 -	14	Hereit	-	- 4	M		and an	18		41	. 84
14.	-43	26	111	SCHOOL ST.	1	11 11	0	18	3-1-0-		-2-		100	- II-	-1-1	-11	Hen		- 10	-11	1		-H-m	- 11	81.	.10	10
1 10 10	110.00	77	1.14	10000	10	A COLUMN					- 44		14			- 10	- 12	- 15 - 1		11	11	. 61	44	- 10		41	. 81
40	43	12	1 11	1	54	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	43		-B	-1-			1000		_1	- 24 -		- 17	- 11	_#1	-11	- 14	17.	- 10	14	1.878	
34	11	47 1 48	1.00	28.8	18	18 125	1		A4.		- 10-1	441	1 1		- 22	- 11		- 12	- 11	-86		un Main		- 74			
188	TRU	43 41	1.12	144	- 53.5	24 244	to Detaile	14	ALC: NO.	110	1.114		1 1			-11-1	-		10	- 11 - 1	1.	-		- 18 -	141	1.110.11	. 17
10	124	8	1.5	145	28	11 11	4	-	1 1	141			1 11	-		- 10-4			-	-11	- 314		- 11	41	100	- 23	-
17	245	11 11	1 110	and the second	11 1			M	45	- 3	17	- 3-	11	- (1 i i i	-9-1	-10-11	- 11 - 1	- 45	- 12	- 111	10		- 171	1	17	14	-111
1.48	110	47 44	100	Distant in the	14	0 W	14		14	1		- 20	10.00	- 10- 1		-10-	- 41	-11-	-8-+	-14	- 11 -	- 93	. 44	- March	11-1		- 11
17	183	14 1 21	100	1.1	11 1	1 11			10	-11-1			1.1.1		-1-		- 12	110	71	- 71	- 24		1.1		- 9	- 92- 1	_8_
44	C#D	17. 14	105	11 P1A			19	1	42			- 14	1.1.7.0.01		-11-1			-	- 12	-11-+	-	- 11 - 1	-Della	11.	20	- 24.44	
1.10	111	10 10	245	1.823	16	1 14	1	1	**	12			1 2 1		-12-	- 12.	- 51				11	- 45	1 1	139	114	14	- 14
100	(29	34	1 (m-	111111	10 10	1 1 14	14	14	41 1		- 37-	100	1 10 11		-12-1	- 10	- 52	10.11	-11	-8	- 10-	- 14	-	111	1.4	- 14	-D
84	111	13 04	TIP	101244	48	1 14	11	1	41 12		-0	-	1								10	and the second	1144	414	100	- 1- 1-	117
1 141	124	38	1.54	61	34	N H	20	14	1 1 1		1	M	1		- 10	-11-1	-1	-1		-8-1	-1	-	-	100	10.00	and the second second	-11
	LET	4	244	10.6091	40	3 84	14	0	45	10	11	- 11	1 - Marcine				- Hort		- Hart	-8-1	40	34		-2-		- 03.1	M.
1.1	13	10	110	17845	84	5 80	44 1.74	10.11	71	1	10	1.1	1000		- ANTAL		10.0			111		-	- 11		11	- 1 - 1	-
14	16	14 1 10	171	ard.	15 1 8	4	14		11 19	13			1		- 17		11		14		11	1000	100		- III	- the second	- 8
	34	14	313	O BLE	15 #	5-7- 66	-14	1	10 11	- Bill			1		10	- 15- 17						and the second				1.1	
	25	15	112	7 828	19 10	11	1		41 14		10	11	71	- 14	14	14	11	- 10-1-	-11-1	- 10		11-12-11-1			and in case	1.0	
178	44	18	214	CONTRACTOR OF	15 5	1 T	1.966	1	14		11	-	1 11	- 10	- 0 1	- 41			-05-4	-11-		14	100	10			- H.
48.00	32 3	16 1	2.00	(24	10 4	4 28	100	a series and	11	-6	100	- 11	1 1 1 1 1 1	-1-1	100	1			- 12 - 1	14	1		-		- 11		-14-4
1 19	11	10. 11	1.1.1	11111111	128. 8	48	33	1	15 1 17	1	41	18	1	50	10		24		- 2 - 1	-9-1	1			10		1.41	-11
	-84	10 10	1 100	244	18	1 10		1	11 1 40	1	-11	15	1.16	- 2 -		1	4	14	- 11	11		38	11	-1		1	1
	11.	4 1	10.734	10.000	12 1 3	ii.	-44		45	34	-16	14	- 0.	40	- 24	14	15	10	-1-+		14	22	1.0	24		1.0	135
198	10.	8. J	100	1010	13 1	1 I I	11	8	56 11	- 22	-23	-18	32	- 11	-48	- 23	4	1		- 1	55		16	38	71	- 14	11
1	.44	8. 1. 30	(111)	10144.5	15	a 8.	1	£ .	13	- 4	41			- 64	- 34	-11-1-	-41	24		11				1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
1.		-		The second second second					and the other Division of the Owner, which the other Division of the Owner, which the Owner	the second se	and the same	and the second second		and the second s	100	111		- 10-		111		a second s	122	100			

1	101	2028	2018	203-04	2458	2010	2018	2018	2038	2218	2018	3834	31.04	13.04-2018	2018	25-01	38.06-	13-05	15-06	19-04	20.04	21-04	22-64	23-04	25-04	an according	19-09-	17-84	18-04	29-04-	38-04-
-	1-1	15	42	4.8	41	14	27	35	2		154	63		.68	12	. 5	185	11	Ma	- 82	22	13	3	12938	3056	13-04-2018	373	2018	2018	7018	2018
	11	30	42	1 13	51	1 11	- 11	- 47	76	31	128	- 85	- 46	42	80	- 25	. 93	. 26	EL.	10		22	. 91	347	.745	174	-23	.16	168	125	54
-	4	43	- 63	35	14	43	10	40	30	49	548	66	15	- 27.		1.0	21	99	128 0		-182-		111	75	314	14	- 18	- 13	19.	20	n
-	1	-14	- 11	43	1 11	22	. 39	45	45	- 46	314	- 46		71	. 8.2	44	134	55	Ma	100	1/16	- 14	1/10	107	123	643	13		-110	- 14	64
	1	20	1 2	44	22	23	- 53	45	45	-18-	115	37	- 11 -	- 40	1.19	1.1	144	- 44	1.11	10	114	- 31.	n	305		334	15	W.E	41	-54	64
10.00	A	55	53	- 45	24	11	- 42	0	42	37	311	42	40	87	14	54	10-10-	- 71	118	- 00-	- 27	10		76		111	MI		1.	49	62
-	2-	17	- 33	11	10		. 10	- 6-	. 17.		13.4	Đ.	- 41	43	. 16		114	78	147	30.	120	11	11	100	32	123	- 82	- 12 - 64	154	- 50	40
	11	-61	44	37	4	21	- 22	11	- 40				- 11	10	1.0	40	18		30	- 92	.TA	81	80	. 25	\$35-	73	12	11.8	51	- 11	Ni li
1	14	47	- 23	01	- 22	-0	32	34	- 25	43	1987	11	35	33	- 30	28	478	45	1135	1 10	32	- 24	12	100	100	69	- 143	65	- 65	- 17	
-	H		A1	45	1 17	45	-11-	35	- 12	28	135		.91	- 54	- 17	57	155	69	110	23	75	- 64	79	88	43	175	41	n	47	10	- 10
	11	-12	12	- 45	10	24	- 25	41		18	1/9	40	- 1	- 15	30	재	153	78	143	111		- 68.	- 17	. 13	83	43	12	.86	41	15	
	<u>n</u>	-17-	11	61	-17	_H_	29			.48	377	- 11	n.	- 11	38	21	111	- 45	114	15	45	- 12	42	13	- 26		- 29	.79	- 35,	100	67
1	10	47	1-17-		47	-11-	10	23		0	TLI			61	.65	Shit		-65		111	117	. 94	. 15	359	1.43	215	sie	124	5.94	148	111
-	15	.41	1	29	- 64	43	76	14	14	D	186	48	15	15	45	1.18	175		145	- 58		45	- 56	80	50	85	60	39	88	- 15	30
-	20		- 17	1 10		86	28		10	- 13	-Altro	- 6	- 6	.62	.37	2,10	179	53	115	43	81	38	41	417	63	41	34	73	18	71	
1	<u>11</u>	h	100	41	16	87	- 72	1338		- 39	351	41	- 5		- 55	1160	195	18	141	105	- 32		120	162	154		85	271		.08	87
1.0	0	40.	M	35	79_	4.	178	188		.76	151	71	二样	10	- 99	14	13	54	174	118.	15	34		4	10	.14	-101	- 10	110	.04	177
-	13	13	1/2	0		12	- 25	17	10	14		48	#1	8!	.54	13200		H.	111	45	- 44	55	18	- 91	.10	120	4	11	39	-18	
	5	144	1175	142		64	15.0	1 10	-0-	34	201	10	- 64	121.0	101	1		15	72	- 30	43	411	. 44	- 45	-0112		30	41	- 25	2	-21
1	11	-45	101	- 41	W	N	41	A		30	122	37	19	#5	2	140	BL	- 14	- H	58	79	51		124	18	- 20	33	- 41	17	17	48.
	17.	17		114		1 CONTRACTOR	73	4	- 64	_11	503	H	- 14		. 58		-94		-71	72	52	47	- p	72	.»L.,	11	.50	-41	12	31	-21
-	17.	45		50	- 12	313	24	75	. 33	30	67	14	-1	10		1111		1.12	11	- 21	- 12	42	- 10	De la	1,300	- 40	- 61	13		12	-42
	<u>n  </u>	15		58	- 87	41		19	- 55	- 44		11	D.	10	. 6.5	12	21	M	19	41	42	-15	29	11	- 28	0	11	- 21	-10	-14	-23
-	2	1 1	- 10	1000		41		1000	- 53	-40 		-X1	- 64	- 40	85	- 74	<u>H</u>	N.	24	- 41	. 11	_17	- 25	10	54	175	114	118	_39	- 35	-22
1.5	34	10	-32	164	10	44	_11_	33		-0	- 14	34	TE	- 15	60			12	4	- 50	- 83	37	- 42	- 78		14	-11-		119		- 26
14	2	- 31		122	4	11:		- 11	45		-R	45	- 233	- 29	.95	0.1	12.	54	_47	- 23	51		.17.	45	48	47	14	1	4	-34	
15	17.	11	-14	166	34	- 61		83	-11	-1-	-10	-22	- 45		16	- 21	. 11	N.	54	- 67	-8	6.	-14	15	- 12	- 44	1	- H	_1_	-43	. M.
	15	51	4	228	. 72	. 55	-10	. 14	.01	61	- \$4		-4		14	-11	-24	-41	73	43	43	31	11	- 10	45	41	-123	-10-	-12-1	-1	
	10	34	-14	301		44	26	54	29	- 10 -	- 11	- 66	17	_ <u></u>	. 19	M	-21	. 15	. 19	-67	11		. A .	14	16	. 95	H	11	36	-18	-1
1	1	47	- 11		- 44	61	14	53	1	63	63	11	10		- 15	-44			104	- 13	$\frac{n}{1}$	- 35	_14	- 55		-0	-16	- 3	20	-34	12
	8. J	MIL	- 28	- 75	10	-11-	14	56	0	- 55	3	26	39	.94	16	-25	-52	30	B	22	72	57	1	-114	1	54	10	-1	- 20	10	- 22 - 11
	4	15	49		72	- 24	-17		- 63	- 63	-12-	342	- 12	- 22	- 43	-11		.92	- 63	<u>M</u>	94	- 12	- 4	45	.89	3)	38	26	-25	10	24
12	12	40	31	55	34	一种	84	34	53	325.7	24	- 44	- 47 20	- 12	79	-18		- 11_	303	-11-	-0	- 11	- 17	11.7	- 84		13	-15	- 10	-24	- 23
	6	23	43	35	17	-42	- 17	28	-63	24	11	16	11	. 15	60	-41	-10	17	7.6	37	- 40	55	1	10	29	41	n	19	61	-30	- 14
	4	43	- 68	THE .	13	-74			0	33			-	- 63		-41	- 2	.76	111	38	48		- H	-60	89	- 52	_11	_13	- 64	-15	37
E.	9	3		99	. 63	11	- 14			n	12	30	1	13	. 47	- 39	34	40	107	27	- 6	- 40	-14	32	- 24	49	1	-2	11	-12	14
	-	21	-1	- 11		-11	- 61.	32	40	19	-11	-62	1	11		-48	-84		35	43	57	33	1	40	34	. 90	24	- 10	14	1	43
1	2	28	60	. 57	61	.38	81	54	30	-11-1	-11	-11	-1/	- 77	- 45		-10	45	- <u>E</u> -	- 12	- 13	100		.60	E		-8-	_14	11	-44	朝
-3	3.	-38	1	10	- 29	-40		-11	38	67	- 26	an	-14	15	n	-52	19	334	13	11	- 22		114			0	-14	- 29	All I	11	31
F	4	14	-11.	- 190-	- 17	- 67	- 87	62	6	-48	- 10	- 12		_29			· .	30	73	34	AX	22	15	11	34	13	.3		ii i	II.	38
	5	.14	82	1.161	.77.	-74	1	5	38	- 28	-29	- 24	-11	- 11	- 12	- (19	-17			- 44		- 65	A	54		-11	-2	50	-8	-41	45
1.3	2	140	=: MUTH		-73-	-1-	332	-0.	100	197	28	- 10	11	W.		-41	.49				-4	61	- 22	51	57	-17.	10	41	74		11
1	6	14	40	80	- 111.	-31	36	- 20	41	40	-11-			-22-	_ 55	-46	36	- 63	. 76	54	- 43	- 51		64	_10	12	-14	14	10	:21	-1
- 0	0	48	.41	- 54	41	-68	75	. 67.	55	34	A3			39	89	-34	75	115		4	0	34	10	41	- 14	44	-10	-4	- 17	10	-
		51	17	- 11	13	-11-	- 12	177	50	72	1	29	15	HP	-05-	-11	79	- 23		- 61	JU	- 15	- 10	34	- 69	24	28	11	.44	-22	38
	1	38	-46	n	12.1	-44	82	2	66	-47	4	3	36	31	- 64		10	-11			-12-1	- 45	-12	- 11	107	345		20	-10-	34	57
		1	14	- 15-	-0.	-76	- 95	28	60	30	-17	37	- 4	10	54	- 42	- 113	64	71	31	-8	1	-112	- 44	36	71	-43	-33	1	-41	-90
	6	11	32	14		-34	199	- 21	- 55	- 00	-0	-11	-11-	-24		-56	- 11	21	114	34	-11	- 52	_12	-0	. \$6	.73	34	80	82	80	4.7
-3	1	.14	416	. 28	78	-151		71	68	48	n	11	-152	17	- 67	-50	-12	23	24	78	-11	29			- 10	- 111	-12	-2-1	41	11	41
-1	¥	72 1	172	10	- 23	- 12 - 1	302-	- 28	57	71	8	-48	-18-	11	79	- 41	40	- #6	1	74	-62	_11	2	41	林	101	.w.,	NE	30	-42	(12
10	2	74	- 645	116	12	44	10	. 64	44	41	- F	-57	w	11	-14	- 51	-12	-8	100	12		32	21	- 37	10	- 87	*	- 27	0	-17.5	
1	1	10	228	-11	$\overline{n}$	10	2	86	. 63	. 53	42	31	10	44	_11		918	- 12	13	. 80	54	40	- 20	52	44	61	1	11	11	-12	17
1		0	171	104	- 10	-0		- /8 -+	14	102	-47	33				-10	-126	- 64 -	91	104		- 19	11	-2-1	101	174	12.	63	41	13	-14
1	0	-43	30	23	10	-26	-11	0180	1.344	165	13	-154	-192	-50	-12	4	.72	37	-10	-48	-11	-57	- 32	-39			-17	-15	-12	-28	
P		124	120	195	-16	<u>u</u>	4	110	39.	102	318	-42	11	-1-	281	-Real	-18	14	\$6	42	11	25	11	22	16	00	-12	29	- 1	-37	++
-7		85	54	112	40	61		44		243	210	26	-111		132		329.11	-65-	-0.	- 51		- 11	- 19	13	105	83	43		-65	-10	(1)
		. 15	63 5	278	- 18	111	.5	134	64	171	28	-39	14	304	TIMO	110	42	41	109	10	-13	40	n	34	-	54	-32	-10	-1	-15	124
-1		me la	118	- 11	10.1	101	11	19.	.191	. 10. 1	- 97	- 83	35		119		-01	1991		III	-n	.101	335		678	111	11	1.118	. 52	11	31
1		11	146	225	97	124	1	100	111	40	10	114		100	175	- 304	- 22.9	- NA	61	141	193	132	304	127	172	155	.17	1.00	302	.03	36
t	- 11	110	22	125	-63	119	14	215.	387.	12	21	235	. 24	14	244	114	125	194	111	Us	12	1.575	174	105	80	175	8	199	76	19	198
- 1	-18	114	1000	318/51	- 22-	- 10 10 - 10	- 14	254	312	122	- 28	31	111	12	115	- 10	151	161	145	157	150	154	184	11 816	174	56	-64	34	1/11	3.5	
- 83		26	191	-III	14	14	4	127	356	20	- 100	10	118	104	547	200	133	111	1122	15	0	160	10	110	173	- 10	10	12	Stor -	-10	
		127	78	1.12	43	E.	77	148	103	- 425	120	104	. 69		134	101	115	- 14.3	101		TATE .	111	COLUM-	3.67	33.	114	52		32	21	14
- 1		14	- 11	29 1	10	112	1/2	-1/2	137	175 5	101	122	111	- 117	-10	223	14977	122	9.60	122	107	12.	1.82	171	129	.10	4		128	205	125-
		22		14	10	US.	m	344	. #2	134	328	25	100	UL.	377	125	552	710		114	55	120	143	343	144	133	N	49	18	57	
30		112	82	36	110	1191	15	-15	- 63.8	215	11.	94	2.884	195	377	185	187	. 214	-90	342	334	2329	183	5.22	110	D1	86	177	. 442	112	23
- 73		11	99	11	31	85	33	154	40	XIX I	71	30	-11-1	63	22	100	101	107	111	111	- 15	18.0	12	20	2001		47	41	2	10	-5-
		13	. 17	33	-58	45	11	36	76	172	14	12	19	13	1		10	214	114	1/4	24	115	110	110	11	114	n	1248/11	72	10	17
-1	-	11		55	114	22	0	3	- 43	. 163.	34	48	- 15 -	10	18	315	114	242	10	10	-123	- 10	1.9	44	314	66	51.	26	-13	34	45
- 10	-	0	11	11	64	10	10	- 14	44	107	41	41	-0	100	- 22	्यम्बद्धाः	2	192	- HL	1	312	142	10	10	40	- 44	12	- 13	300.0	-11-11	
93		*	T	0	4	10	0	1	0	-	0	6	100	1	-13		- 0	-17		- A			7000		-1-1	-	-10	-77	7	-17	-

SLOT	01-05-2018	02-05-2018	03-05-2018	04-05-2018	05-05-2018	06-05-2018	07 05-2018	08-05-2018	09-05-2018	10-05-2018	11-05-2018	12-05-2018	13-05-2018
1	100	162	96	90	139	80	136	-100	-15	62	-47	-129	0
2	93	157	54	110	132	139	175	-96	-59	17	81	186	91
3	89	165	100	85	149	90	163	-76	-28	109	149	60	147
4	79	150	87	66	148	45	147	-33	0	55	156	4	152
5	89	162	0	72	162	90	145	2	30	49	98	134	155
6	92	137	-50	82	168	160	148	3	23	112	36	21	167
7	66	137	-11	84	121	110	147	-32	3	107	38	58	188
8	75	128	6	61	128	53	133	11	9	98	88	56	166
9	67	148	4	70	150	99	151	8	24	158	139	12	181
10	63	133	10	86	143	101	143	13	33	140	62	98	186
11	87	139	11	70	145	61	126	25	22	127	108	91	161
12	102	136	5	75	164	132	129	5	8	86	68	121	161
13	77	127	-12	96	107	112	104	36	12	103	76	95	107
14	87	137	-12	75	77	86	127	21	20	129	23	73	84
15	68	121	4	81	71	96	133	23	12	133	43	59	76
16	54	105	-28	86	78	92	89	29	40	125	64	59	90
17	150	194	-34	99	159	85	109	36	50	124	67	36	105
18	76	132	-26	72	91	76	140	8	19	127	14	55	141
19	40	157	-27	64	74	46	223	22	30	122	62	52	162
20	36	67	-14	80	84	102	130	-25	49	119	102	54	237
21	94	147	35	113	145	160	214	29	134	213	287	176	257
22	214	172	103	180	224	217	141	-2	70	110	-35	56	99
23	-56	-23	139	50	58	22	27	34	-5	110	233	15	105
24	22	30	-9	60	30	28	21	45	12	120	48	122	142
25	32	51	-1	84	71	96	92	72	47	104	17	86	144
26	9	03	5	67	70	02	112	25	10	65	70	20	174
20	29	49	83	76	94	140	80	86	21	152	121	4.7	1/4
27	54	30	0.7	20	70	141)	115	00	2.4	172	145	33	191
20	50	32	00	50	76	102	113	16	-22	172	70	100	140
30		55	95 00	60	00	502	132	-10	20	107	50	103	07
21	71	32	00	-77	99	00	1//	145	38	107	59	10	6/
22		70	20		94	//	142	01	-2	98	09	-0	03
32	00	67	/3	67	79	97	/9	65	-3	105	18	30	50
33	43	41	8/	52	91	103	57	46	-13	100	90	140	65
34	22	36	12	8	85	108	48	50	-15	101	-18	80	45
35	35	37	134	30	66	86	69	-18	32	82	63	106	97
36	32	5.5	70	15	88	121	125	66	-39	75	20	48	/3
37	36	51	140	4	77	81	94	20	-63	/5	40	96	//
38	48	64	4	49	44	109	102	67	-15	32	1	4/	4/
39	68	40	43	55	115	80	80	84	-36	57	75	63	35
40	39	54	78	2.4	91	74	89	36	17	58	97	34	60
41	54	99	86	29	83	94	104	59	102	77	27	56	83
42	95	94	70	59	86	113	102	28	2	46	1.01	66	68
43	52	62	90	39	42.	104	124	126	-38	109	-4	67	58
44	41	54	68	32	80	83	97	104	-56	83	75	62	70
45	2	60	64	50	91	83	156	34	-67	80	70	53	115
46	27	72	65	176	44	86	99	22	-19	59	48	52	85
47	43	61	78	133	61	69	117	2.7	1	45	118	49	74
48	23	89	87	158	41	74	102	78	-49	41	-16	26	12
49	-45	45	53	130	63	76	41	47	-45	118	-22	217	79
50	19	59	38	183	87	46	55	-9	1	-25	-5	-15	27
51	94	88	92	163	60	86	120	23	32	16	36	5	52
52	62	102	84	138	61	47	92	141	21	20	305	-14	55
53	81	124	124	61	71	97	117	50	59	119	308	104	82
54	44	41	80	59	244	35	58	104	11	83	41	63	77
55	68	27	75	111	162	43	90	73	5	51	117	36	59
56	42	48	60	97	143	21	159	57	74	76	90	91	20
57	114	87	96	115	118	72	202	71	48	87	43	103	145
58	56	53	71	27	-36	14	98	40	-40	43	56	-16	58
59	7	53	62	45	57	2	30	70	6	34	46	22	54
60	26	94	58	60	28	12	67	14	-10	37	52	52	43
61	48	104	77	36	33	32	36	31	-98	68	38	86	24
62	20	97	40	3.0	36	77	70	-13	-3	69	55	117	47
62	15	60	88	35	56	51	68	-26	25	37	-1	62	104
64	4J 2	65	57	_10	13	_50	90	-16	60	88	25	79	14
65	102	120	100	60	38	187	78	16	-26	-20	-100	-95	27
66	02	70	62	27	57	131	175	51	2	131	162	134	104
00	83	18	114		5/	151	06	12	20	64	-83	-4	250
6/	94	47	114	20	0	10	90	10	20	-10	20-	46	208
68	101	-130	66	38	49	-19	59	19	29	121	0	70	104
69	124	-105	82	67	109	-10	105	80	-26	131	48	19 CD	294
70	100	83	74	70	-1	3	105	78	161	-43	97	62	30

71	91	68	64	93	110	28	105	110	-64	141	79	-27	75
72	40	-5	115	80	72	-5	92	22	-39	59	11	-47	58
73	56	-5	22	19	3	5	100	-67	65	69	10	-48	179
74	92	83	9	-13	-14	125	-73	15	21	52	-63	-73	37
75	-65	100	35	-19	2	1	12	29	115	110	-3	39	-4
76	-1	52	66	68	59	-22	15	-87	119	62	4	55	143
77	57	3	50	111	-13	94	-19	-17	77	154	9	-24	63
78	48	-7	51	35	5	15	16	12	273	110	5	38	-4
79	174	53	67	86	142	107	38	-17	194	170	-5	20	90
80	115	62	102	143	103	115	2,4	4	176	142	105	22	33
81	108	69	116	54	68	145	73	38	98	174	141	-1	-2
.82	118	39	134	94	64	118	4	94	104	72	49	50	-7
83	161	119	102	111	246	130	17	67	113	128	41	27	22
84	116	94	106	138	94	129	-11	-20	151	119	89	93	7
85	111	112	111	149	88	111	3	-12	132	142	128	53	15
86	110	333	97	120	147	142	75	-26	118	142	137	-21	-37
87	152	336	116	197	81	139	93	30	143	157	27	113	-8
88	142	56	129	143	76	152	14	37	160	131	185	68	34
89	147	67	186	129	190	168	4	58	191	109	79	113	25
90	91	267	117	138	74	78	77	49	100	223	82	2	26
91	129	163	83	160	67	79	-24	183	84	152	125	52	43
92	144	-36	122	152	137	109	261	22	111	109	109	-38	68
93	127	-330	128	117	32	161	123	-14	102	13	-41	96	-56
94	166	4	151	141	100	111	-34	40	-96	30	154	69	64
95	175	81	76	140	148	136	-3	-17	56	120	151	15	77
96	175	85	146	139	66	131	-63	-2	102	93	65	79	68

Amexice-M

28-01-2019

1

PPT by POSOCO

















# Reasons for Deviations in SCADA data & Interface meter data

#### Data Source

- SCADA is the real time data, the interface meter data being compared is received post facto for comparison.
- Energy meters records the energy in 15 mins interval with faster scan rate, the SCADA energy is calculated based on active power which is recorded in 10 sec interval.
- while looking at the comparison, the basic difference while recording are to be considered.

#### Data Availability

Telemetry failure may occur due to the following reasons:

- Communication failure
- RTU failure / database corruption in SAS / RTU
- PT fuse failure
- Faulty transducers























Tim	e C	orrec	tior	n – Main Meter
На	ryana		Disc	repancy Report by RLDCs
Loch	D Mete	er_No_Cat	gry Pla	e of Installation
HR-	13 NP-	1694-A M	ICT	-1 (400 kV) at Abdullapur-PG
HR-	8 NP-	1343-A M	220	kV Hissar IA-2 at Hissar-PG
HR-3	88 NP-	1344-A M	220	kV Fatehabad-1 at Hissar-PG
HR-3	19 NP-3	3128-A M	220	kV Fatehabad-2 at Hissar-PG
HR-6	58 NR-1	3846-A M	IC1	-2 (400 kV)500MVA at Bahadurgarh-PG
Punj	ab			
S.No	LocID	Meter_No	Catgr	Place of Installation
459	PS-01	NP-8268- A	M	400 kV Jallandhar(PG) at Nakodar-PSEB
460	PS-02	NP-8267- A	M	400 kV Kurukshetra(PG) at Nakodar-PSEB
462	PS-04	NR-3438- A	м	400 kV ICT-I at Patran-PTCL
464	PS-06	NR-3431- A	м	400 kV ICT-II at Patran-PTCL

Discre Harvar	pancy Report b	y RLDCs				
Pinjore	220 kV Baddi at Pinjore-HVPN	NP-1406-A	Read loss	0000 hm of 13,11,2017	2345 hrs 08.04.2018	Other end readings were used for drawal calculation ACTION: Pinjore-HVPN Problem Continues
Panchkola	Panetik, a i-VPN	848	*<:)t)+::)	0000 hrs of 131 2017	2345 nr.s 08 04 2018	for end readings were used for endwaricalcolation ACTION: Panchkula-HVPN Problem Continues
Punjab A	Area					
Rampirsenta HPS	720 IV Hirzan at Ranjitsagar HPS PSEB	NP-1816-A	R+ id it	0000 hrs of 09 09 2013	2145 Here of 08 04.2018	ACTION, RANJITSAGAR- PSEB Problem Continues
Ranjitungar HPS	North Contraction (Contraction of Contraction (Contraction of Contraction of Cont	74-18-1-4	NYE SA	0000 · s oʻ 09 09 2013 0000 · s oʻ	2345 ms of 03 07 2016 2345 ms of	Problem Continues
Mohali	66 kV - C - 28	14 10 14	A LAP NO.	090 2019	2804 2016 0804 2016	



